

Observations, Ideas, and Opinions Systems Engineering and Integration for Return to Flight

George K. Gafka
Project Management Challenge Conference
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Observations, Ideas, and Opinions

- Upfront Disclaimer #1
 - Material transmitted in this presentation may not represent the opinion or policy of NASA!
- Upfront Disclaimer #2
 - Presenter is conveying some very contextual examples of personal experiences which are not meant to be interpreted as the absolute truth or the right answer for everyone or every situation!

Process/digest the material as you see fit and decide what may be worth taking away.



Observations, Ideas, and Opinions Presentation Outline

You are here.

- Project Management & Systems Engineering Challenges
 - In The Beginning...What is your mission? Can you "certify" to it?
 - Team Roles/Responsibilities/Requirements/Contracts/Deliverables
 - Use-As-Is becomes most critical capability!
 - Flight History Database, a surprisingly contentious topic
 - Tile Repair is really tough, becomes "best effort" for RTF
 - Killer/"Golden" Requirements: Bubbles
 - Tough Trade Spaces
 - Delivery for RTF
- STS-114
- Conclusion
- Understanding/Influencing/Accepting Your Environment
 - Cost, schedule, technical/safety, political, emotional
 - Evaluating/maximizing your influence potential
- Effective People Skills and Communication, a key to success!
 - Integrity/creditability
 - Teamwork/relationships/advocacy/negotiation
 - Up and out, (Presentation! Presentation!)
 - Down and in, (reaching consensus where possible and recognizing where not)
 - Healthy tension, good push back



In The Beginning... Project Documentation Philosophy

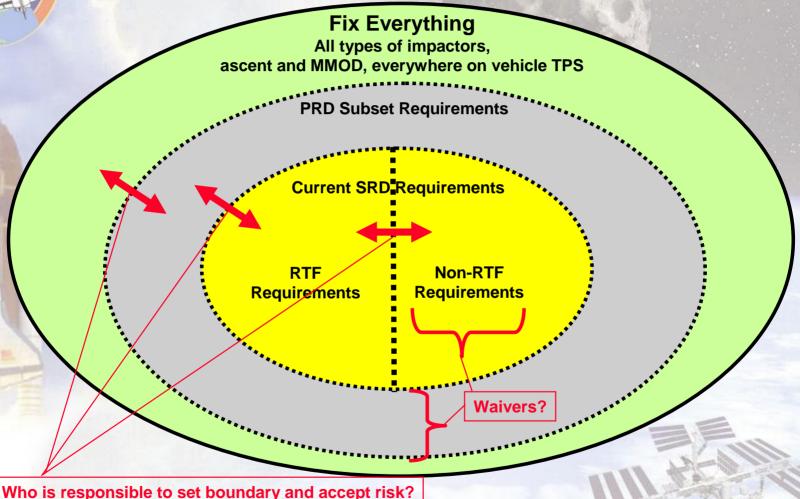
Thermal Protection System (TPS) Tile Repair Project
Documentation Tree

NSTS 07700 Space Shuttle Program Definition and Requirements JSC TBD Shuttle Thermal Protection System (TPS) Repair Kit Program Requirements Document Flow Down JSC TBD Thermal Protection System (TPS) Tile Repair Project System Requirements Document By nature of project, lots of flow! JSC TBD Typical Lower Level Doc, etc. Certification and Acceptance Requirements Document

- Should convey need for Tile Repair Capability.
 "SRD go figure it out"
- Should establish Ground rules for Tile Repair Capability, I.e. criticality, one-time-use, etc.
- The "tile repair" shall...
- Integrated "capability" performance requirements, both performing the repair and re-entry
- Integrated EVA ops/hardware performance
- Design-to requirements
- Sub-allocations



REQUIRED Communication with Program Requirements Flow and Philosophy



Who is responsible to substantiate boundary? MA, MS, MV?



Tile Repair Project RTF Mission

- Per our revised SRD and Verification Plan, the Tile Repair Project is responsible for delivering the capability to:
 - Assess tile damage locations and provide near real-time technical rationale to support "Use-as-is" disposition
 - Provide repair materials (qualified vendor), physical tools and operational techniques to conduct a developmental DTO and constitute an emergency tile repair capability if needed
 - Document <u>Limited</u> material and system level test results
- The Tile Repair Project is responsible for validating the PRD inspection requirements for size of tile damage not requiring inspection by OBSS
 - 3" for acreage tile
 - 1" for tiles near door penetrations

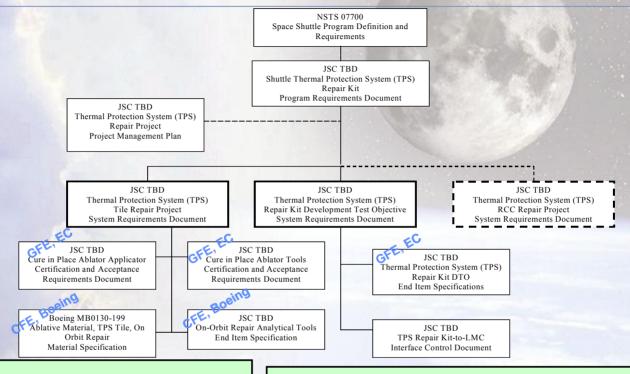
NOTE: We should think of our "Use-As-Is" capability being comprised of two parts:

Analytical Tools & Flight History Database!!!



Planned TRP Deliverables/Documentation

Thermal Protection System (TPS) Tile Repair Project
Documentation Tree



CFE

- "Use-as-is" Analytical Tools (USA/Boe)
 - Cavity Heating Tool
 - Catalytic Heating Tool: Damaged
 - •3D Acreage Tile Thermal Tool
 - Special Config. Thermal Models
 - •Tile Stress Tool RTV Bondline (45 deg)
 - Stress Assessor Tool
- Repair Materials (USA/Boe/LM/OSS)
 - •STA-54
 - •EW

GFE

- EVA Hardware (JSC EC/XA)
 - •EVA Repair Mat'l Aplicators
 - •EVA Handtools
- •"Use-as-is" Analytical Tools
 - •CFD for Cavity Heating: Baseline (Ames)
 - •CFD for Cavity Heating: Flt Trace. (Ames)
 - •Boundary Layer Transition Predict. (LaRC)



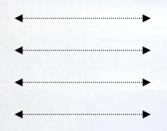
TRP - Roles/Responsibilities Repair Material

Process Dev. SE&I IPT

NASA IWTA (GFE)

R&D
Pre-qual testing
Mat'l down-select
Scale-up
System level testing
KC-135 & HTV testing

NASA Project MV, EA, ES, EC



LMSSC -

Material developer
Material provider
Material testing
Tool provider (LMSO)
Mat'l-Canister-Tool C/O

Prod/Logistics IPT (LM, USA/KSC)

USA P.O.

Flt 3+ Prod.

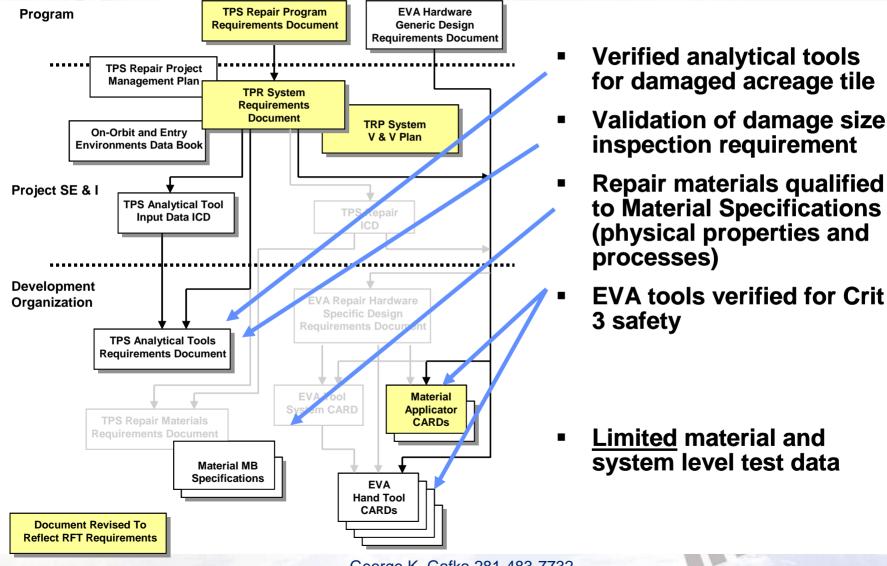
Boeing P.O. (CFE)

Characterization
Qualification
Verification
HTV-2
Flt 1 & 2 Production





Planned TRP Documentation For RTF





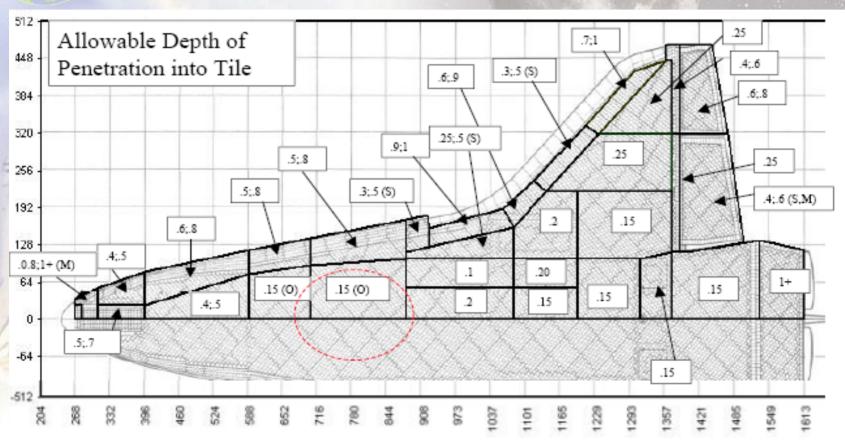
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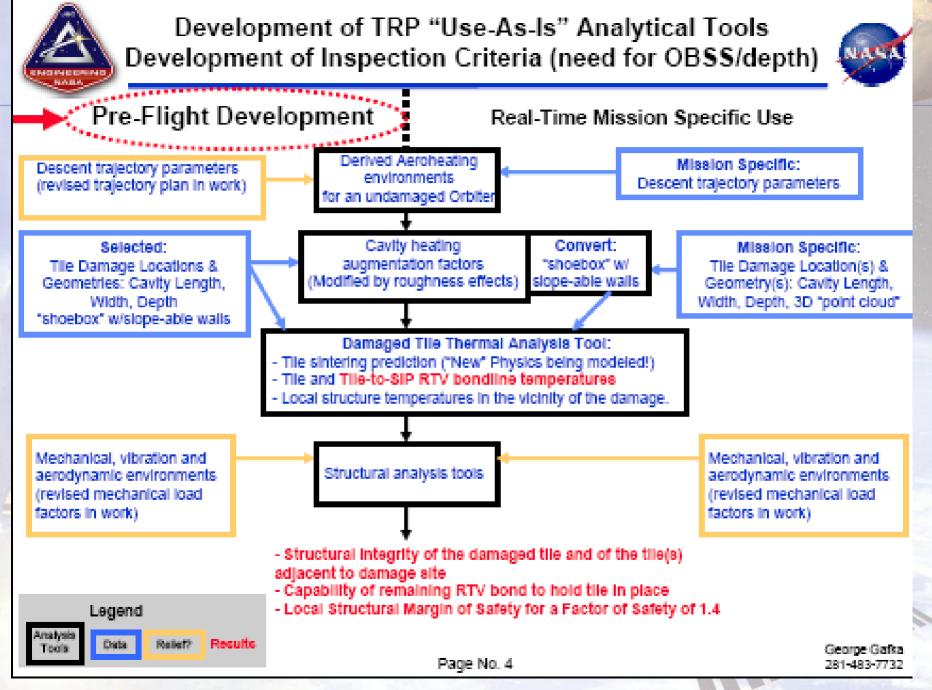




Results to date (early 2005) Best Estimate of Damage "Map"



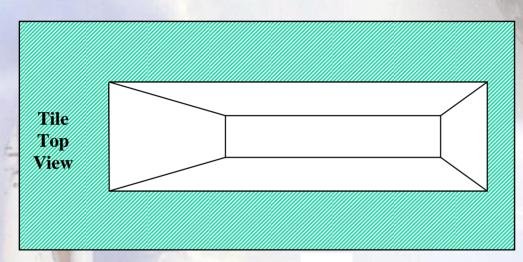
Primary failure mode is RTV overtemp. Other modes are structural temperature (S), structural margin (M), and excessive OOPD (O)

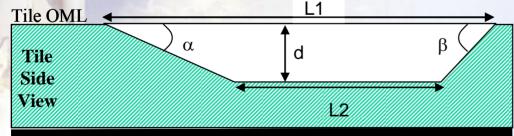




In-Scope Damage Geometries

Flow Direction

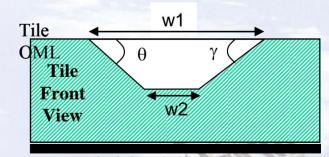




Underlying Orbiter Structure

Limitations:

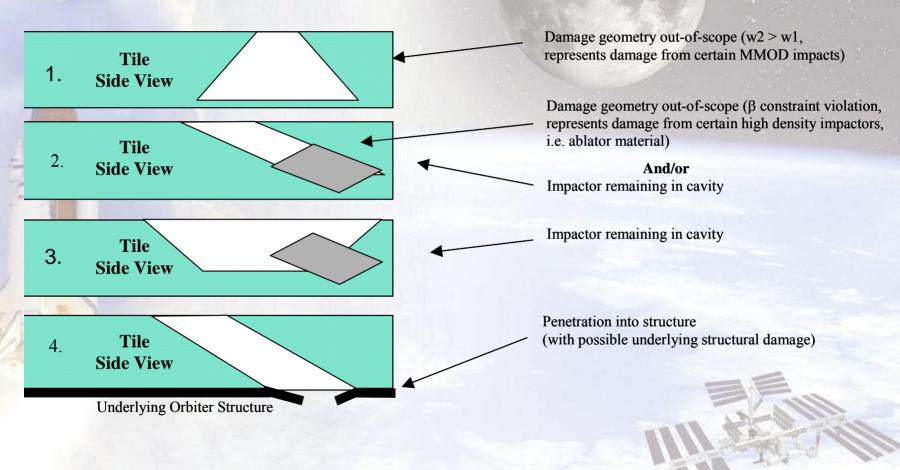
TBD \leq L1 \leq TBD \leq L2 \leq (L1 \geq L2) 0.02 \leq d \leq full tile 0.25 \leq w1 \leq 0.25 \leq w2 \leq (w1 \geq w2) 0 \leq α \leq 0 \leq β \leq 0 \leq θ \leq 0 \leq γ \leq



Underlying Orbiter Structure



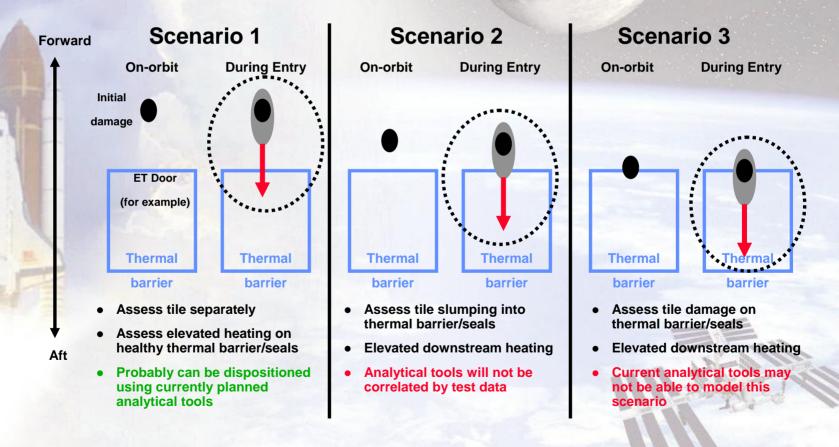
Examples of Out-of-Scope Damage Types/Geometries





NLGD,MLGD,ETD Notional Depiction of Capability/Concern

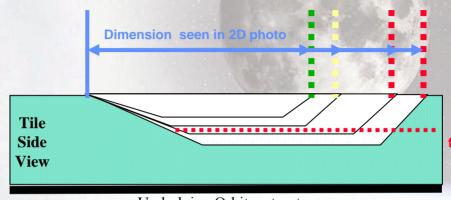
- NOTE: Although 3-D models / analytical tools are being developed for these special penetration areas, there is no current plan to correlate analysis to any test data!
- Penetration flow and understanding response of the thermal barrier is a very complicated scenario





Risk of "missing something with only 2D inspection" versus Ops Trade-space result unknown at this time!

"Standard Gouge"

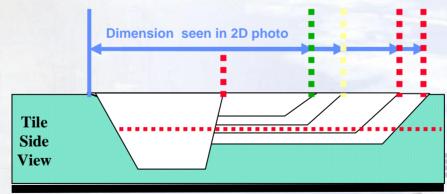


Depth of damage strong determining factor in threshold for non-conformance determination

Underlying Orbiter structure

"Deep Penetration"

Protecting for this could seriously affects OBSS activities and ops!

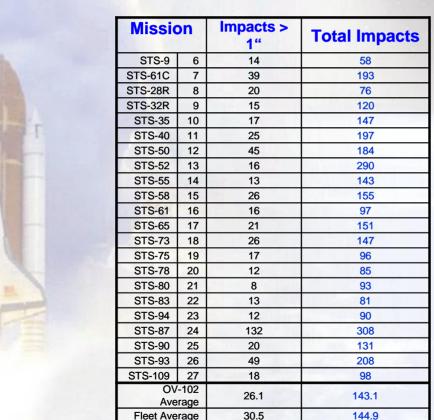


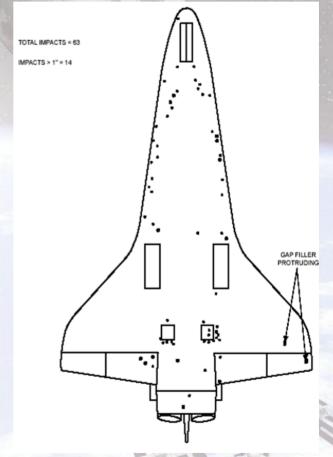
Can this occur? How much risk exists for this scenario?

Underlying Orbiter structure



OV-102 Flight Damage History



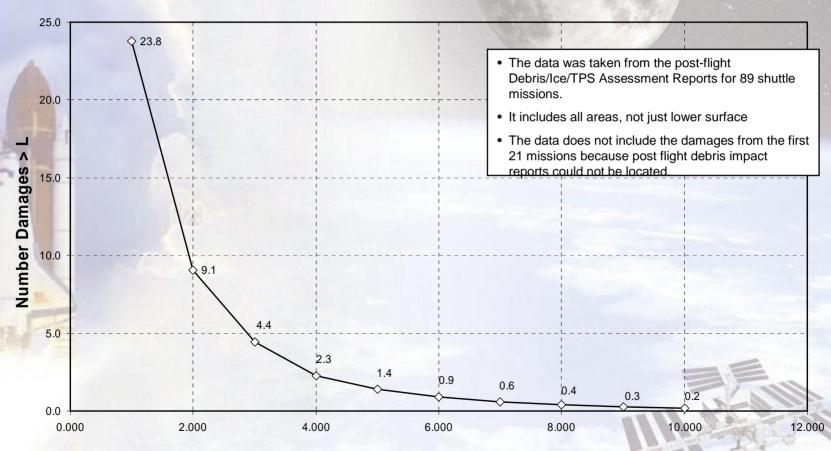


STS-109 Lower Surface Impact Damage



Flight Damage History

Average Number of Impact Damages Exceeding Length L per Flight



Damage Length, L (inches)



Historical Tile Damage Background



- Orbiter has sustained greater than ~15,000 tile damage events (of varying degree) throughout life of Program
- Per knowledgeable TPS technical community, only "a few" damage sites would have been candidates for even considering an on-orbit repair, had that option been available, based on ground inspection post-flight
- Our flight history tells us that tile gets damaged during ascent on every flight
 - Judgment would also say that the modifications to the other elements will not preclude our tile damage "flight history" from being generally repeated on future flights (although some possible improvement against "big" damages is predicted)
- Our flight history tells us that the vehicle is robust to enter with the tile damage suffered to date for the particular mission conditions experienced
- · Two potential "really tough" scenarios brewing:
 - Pre-flight risk: TRP, solely using TRP delivered use-as-is analytical tools, is only able to validate
 a very small inspection criteria and, based on our flight history, drive a recommendation toward a
 very ops intensive / timeline impacting OBSS inspection process per flight. (an inspection criteria
 that just doesn't "feel right" based on our gut)
 - Real-time risk: Real-time team, solely using TRP delivered use-as-is analytical tools, recommends performing high-risk repairs at a high rate of frequency (a rate that just doesn't "feel right" based on our gut)... but has nothing else to provide any technical rationale to stand behind.



Pre-Flight Risk Assessment Philosophical Approach

Raw Data Activity, Creating the RAIV data set

Data Mining/Formatting

"Retro-actively" apply the tile damage inspection criteria

(3" for acreage, 1" around door seals) to previous flight history capturing violations per flight and per PRACA zone

Note: No available information for STS-41B & STS-41D, STS-1 through STS-5 eliminated from data set due to old and significantly different configs we were not interested in capturing, other major excursion flights (STS-27R, STS-87) to be discussed in more detail later.

Any "Big Damage" trends seen along the way?

Technical Judgment

TPS PRT Review

Review all inspection criteria violations and provide a judgment as to which of the violations should be considered "close calls"

TPS PRT Review

Review "close calls" and provide a judgment as to whether "close calls" should be filtered out of data (i.e., not ascent debris, confidently corrected and verified debris source, etc.)

TPS PRT Review

Review "close calls" and provide a judgment as to whether any other "forward looking" augmentation factors should be applied

Result: "Residual Risk"

Statistical Activity

Statistical "Crunching"

Using flight history data and "residual risk", perform assessment to determine:

- 1) Likelihood of OBSS inspection requirement
- 2) Likelihood of "close call" damage

Pre-Flight Risk Assessment Observations, Results, & Conclusions

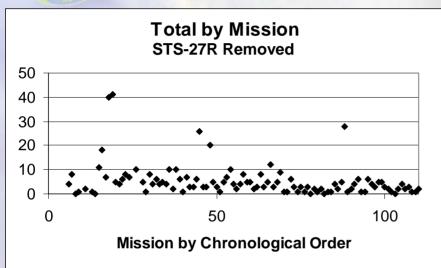
CAS			ASE1	3E1			CASE2				CASE3				100		
2	Region	Total Hits	Percent of Total	Laplace Score	Mean	95th	Total Hits	Percent of Total	Laplace Score	Mean	95th	Total Hits	Percent of Total	Laplace Score	Mean	95th	
	Vehicle Total	549	100.0%	-8.5	5.3	17.4	175	100.0%	-2.1	3.5	8.6	150	100.0%	-2.4	3.0	7.1	OBJ2
	Lower Surface Tile Total	431	78.5%	-7.5	4.2	16.4	137	78.3%	-1.8	2.7	7.6	121	80.7%	-2.0	2.4	6.0	
	Generic Acreage Subtotal	189	34.4%	-4.3	1.8	6.9	70	40.0%	-0.1	1.4	4.0	66	44.0%	-0.2	1.3	4.0	
	Wing Glove Subtotal	60	10.9%	-2.8	0.6	1.0	25	14.3%	1.3	0.5	1.0	12	8.0%	1.8	0.2	1.0	
	Aero Surfaces Subtotal	37	6.7%	-0.1	0.4	1.0	16	9.1%	0.0	0.3	1.0	17	11.3%	-0.3	0.3	1.0	
als	Special Penetration Areas Subtotal	145	26.4%	-6.2	1.4	5.9	26	14.9%	-5.3	0.5	3.0	26	17.3%	-5.0	0.5	3.0	
ss Totals	No Zone ID Subtotal	47	8.6%	-7.1	0.5	2.0	0	0.0%	Sparse	Sparse	Sparse	0	0.0%	Sparse	Sparse	Sparse	
Class	Upper Surface Tile Total	71	12.9%	0.8	0.7	3.0	38	21.7%	-1.0	0.8	2.6	29	19.3%	-1.4	0.6	2.0	
	Wing Glove Right	35	6.4%	-4.2	0.3	1.0	10	5.7%	0.0	0.2	1.0	5	3.3%	0.0	0.1	1.0	
	Wing Glove Left	25	4.6%	0.6	0.2	1.0	15	8.6%	1.7	0.3	1.0	7	4.7%	2.4	0.1	1.0	
	Generic Acreage Right	70	12.8%	-1.4	0.7	3.0	28	16.0%	-0.9	0.6	2.6	27	18.0%	-0.7	0.5	2.6	
	Generic Acreage Left	86	15.7%	-5.0	0.8	4.9	25	14.3%	1.8	0.5	2.6	22	14.7%	1.9	0.4	2.0	
	Wing and Acreage Right	105	19.1%	-3.6	1.0	3.0	38	21.7%	-0.7	0.8	3.0	32	21.3%	-0.6	0.6	2.6	
	Wing and Acreage Left	111	20.2%	-4.1	1.1	6.0	40	22.9%	2.5	0.8	2.6	29	19.3%	2.8	0.6	2.0	

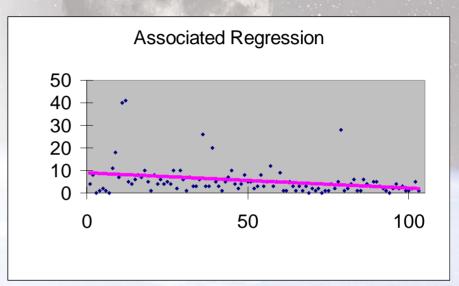
Legend						
CACE4 -	Total RAIV data set (103 missions),					
CASE1 =	excluding STS-1 thru STS-5 and STS-27R					
CASE2 =	RAIV data set for the last 50 missions only					
CACES	RAIV data set for the last 50 missions only,					
CASE3 =	excluding STS-87					

* Green denotes a decreasing trend, red denotes an increasing trend



Pre-Flight Risk Assessment: Observations, Results, & Conclusions



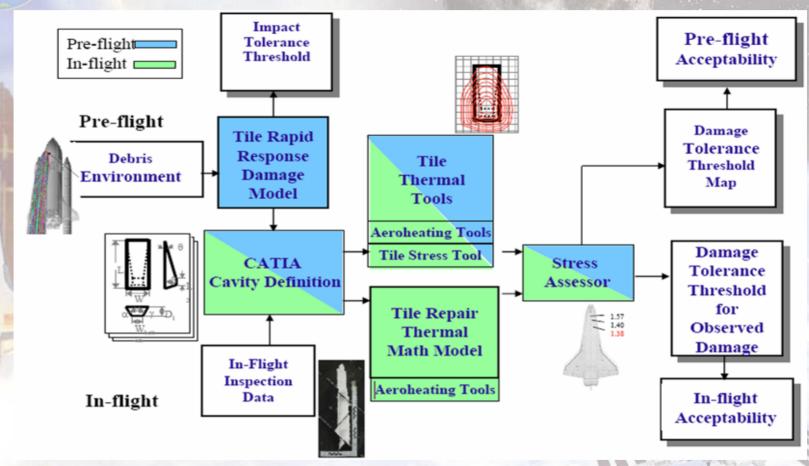


These graphs portray the total significant hits by mission ordered chronologically, less STS 1-5 and 27R. Evident from both graphs is the general downward trend in total number of significant hits with a greater degree of variability in the first 50 as compared with the last 50. This is indicative of a distribution that, over time, has a decreasing mean and variance. This is similar to a production process that has increasing control and a lowering set point.

Legend					
CASE1 =	Total RAIV data set (103 missions),				
CASET =	excluding STS-1 thru STS-5 and STS-27R				
CASE2 =	RAIV data set for the last 50 missions only				
CASES	RAIV data set for the last 50 missions only,				
CASE3 =	excluding STS-87				



Tile Models to Determine Impact and Damage Tolerance Thresholds





RCC and Tile Tools and Models

ſ		No /		USED REAL TIME					
П	Madala	<u>N</u> ew / <u>U</u> pdated /	Used For Pre-	Launch	On-Orbit	On-Orbit			
П	Models		Flight C/E	Go/No-	before	Use-as-Is	Orbit		
П		<u>E</u> xisting		Go	Inspection		Repair		
Ì	RCC Damage Prediction Tools								
ıſ	LESS Dyna Tool	N	Х		Х				
l	Rapid Response RCC Damage Prediction Tool	N		Х	Х				
[RCC Aeroheating Tools								
	Step/Ramp Heating	N					Х		
П	LESS Breech Internal Flow Model	N				Х			
l	RCC Damage Growth Tool	N				Х			
I	RCC Thermal Models								
1	RCC 3D Thermal Math Models	E				Х	Х		
ſ	Tile Damage Prediction Tools								
ı	Tile Rapid Response Damage Model (foam)	N	Х	Х	Х				
П	Tile Rapid Response Damage Model (ice)	N	Х	Х	Х				
ı	Tile Screening Tool	N	Х						
ı	Tile Aeroheating Tools								
Ì	Cavity Heating Database	N	X			Х			
۱	CFD for Cavity Heating	N	Х			Х			
١	Catalytic Heating Tool	N	X			Х			
ı	Boundary Layer Transition Prediction Tool	N	X			Х	Х		
ſ	Tile Thermal Tools								
Ì	2D Thermal Model	N				Х			
	3D Acreage Tile Thermal Model	N	X			Х	Х		
	Repaired Tile Thermal Model	N					Х		
	Special Configuration Thermal Models	N				X			
İ	Tile Stress Tools								
ľ	Tile Stress Tool	N	Х			Х	Х		
	Tile Bondline Integrity Tool	U	X			X	Х		
	Stress Assessor Tool	N	X			X	Х		



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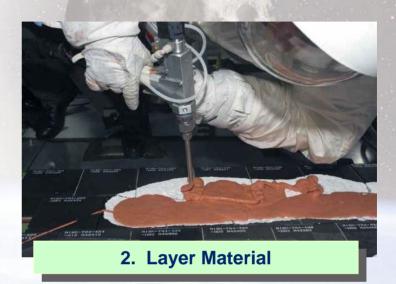




Repair Procedure Overview

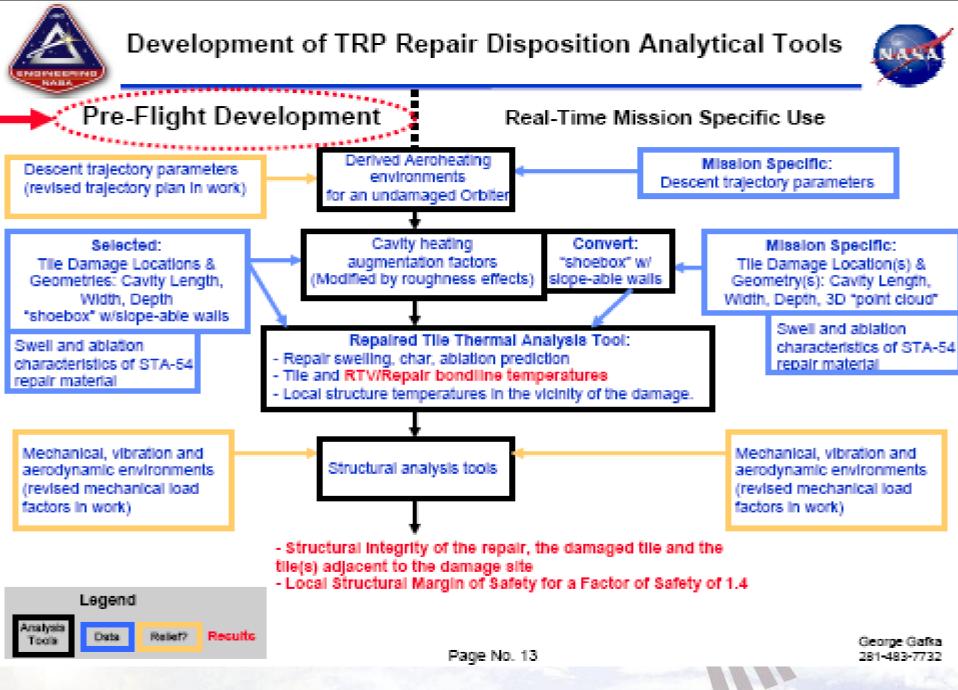


Clean Tile with Gel Brushes

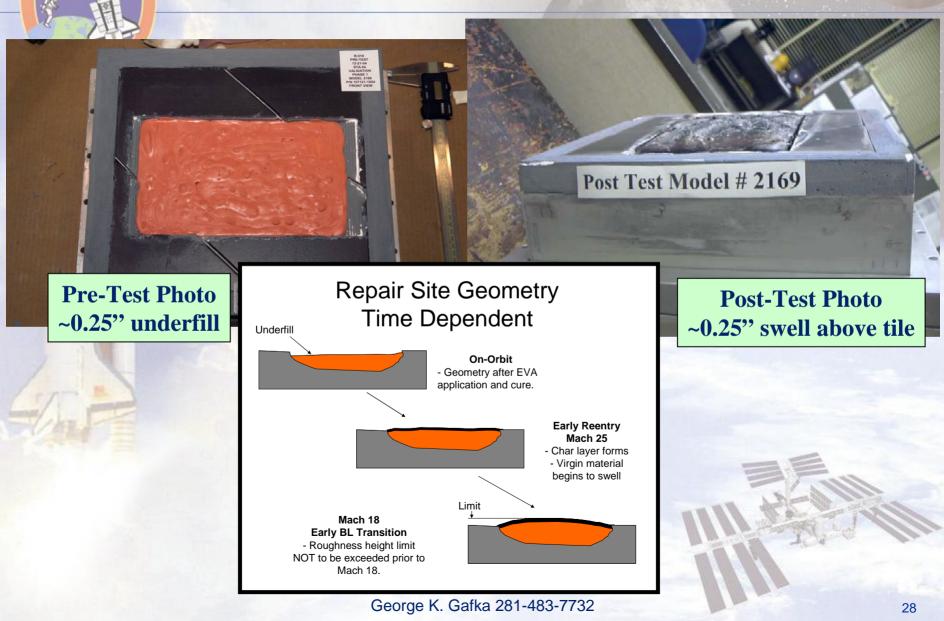




3. Flatten / Smooth Repair

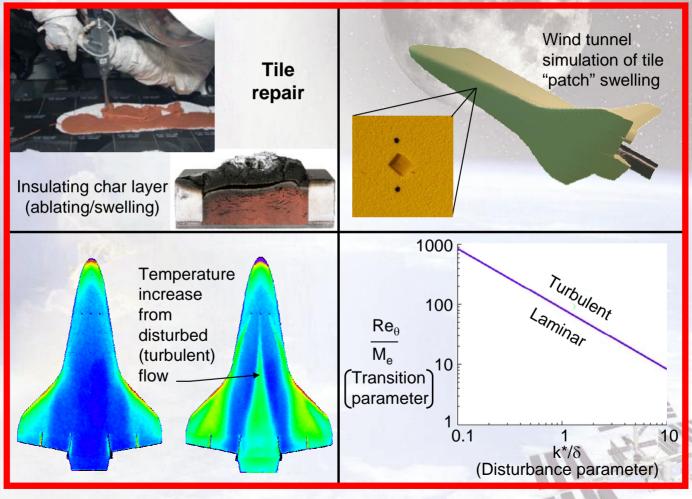


Test Article Exposed to Low Shear Test Condition Model #2169 – 9"x5" Cavity Filled in HTV 2



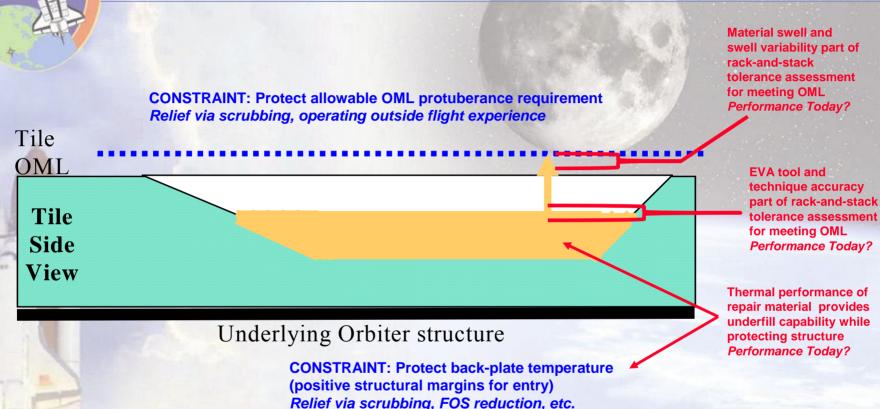


Development of Transition Prediction Methodology





LOCAL DAMAGE SITE Trade-space result unknown at this time! RESULT: Possible Capability Black-Out Zones



Note: There is also a "global" or downstream effect that must be considered. This can result in additional blackout zones if "low margin" healthy or damaged downstream tiles see elevated temperatures that would result in the underlying structure temperature exceeding allowable limits. Relief via scrubbing, FOS reduction, etc.



Killer/"Golden" Requirements Thou shall have NO bubbles...

Initial sample, Part A - CIPAA 1005

Following Dispense



15 minutes Post-Dispense



- · Initial sample, Part A CIPAA 1005
- 30 minutes Post-Dispense







Example of Hardware/Test Configuration Sources of gas (5 sources?!?!)

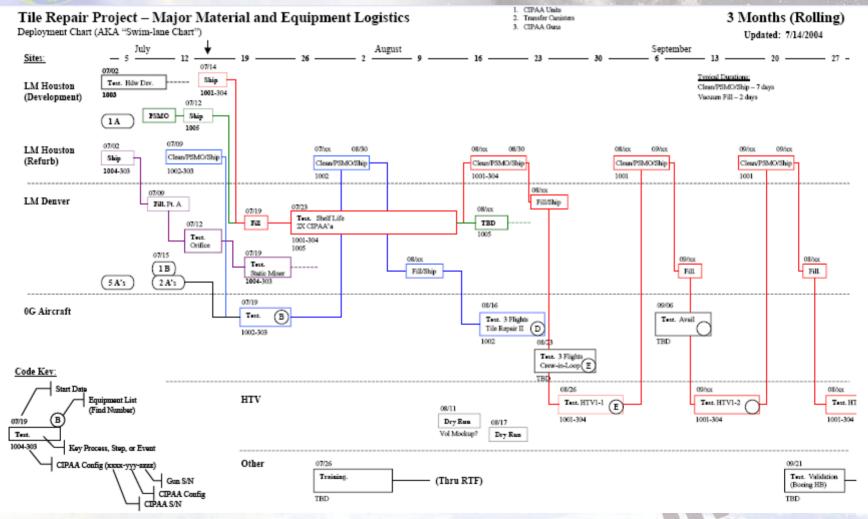


- Internal-to-the-material "generation" of gas post-fill:
 - Residual gas remaining in material (Part A) post degassing
 - Resulting gas could nucleate into bubbles over time, could be "pulled out" of solution with pressure drop (cavitation)
 - Data suggests likely contributor, can't fully exonerate or confirm
- Micro-balloons breaking post degassing
 - Resulting gas could nucleate into bubbles over time, could be "pulled out" of solution with pressure drop (cavitation)
 - Analysis suggests extremely sensitive to number allowed to break, possible contributor, can't fully exonerate or confirm
- Ethanol???
- External-to-the-material influences "feeding" the material gas:
- Ambient air leaking past environmental seal during storage
 - -Could nucleate into bubbles over time, could be "pulled out" of solution with pressure drop (cavitation)
 - Data suggests likely contributor, can't fully exonerate or confirm
- Nitrogen pad pressure leaking past dynamic seal during system pressurization 5
 - Could nucleate into bubbles over time, could be "pulled out" of solution with pressure drop (cavitation)
 - Data suggests NOT a likely contributor, can't fully exonerate or confirm

Conclusion: No way to fully preclude bubbling with this material/hardware system! So, instead how sensitive is system/entry performance to bubbles?

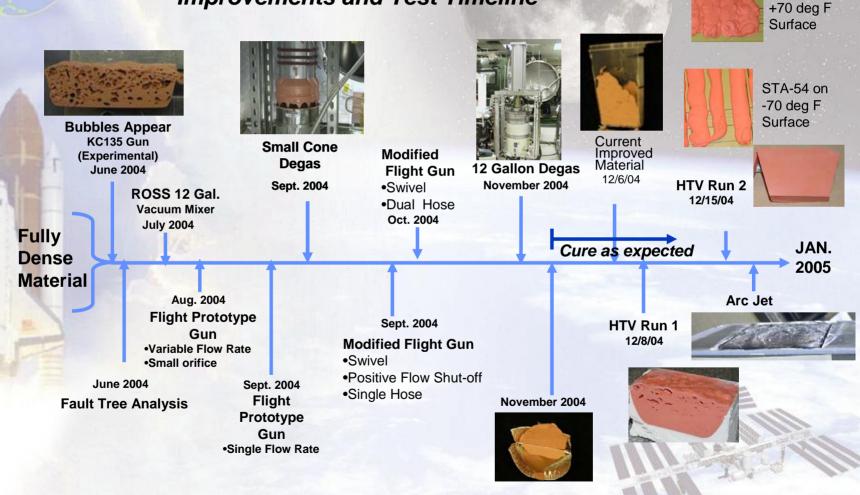


Logistics Deployment Chart Near Term Planning Tool





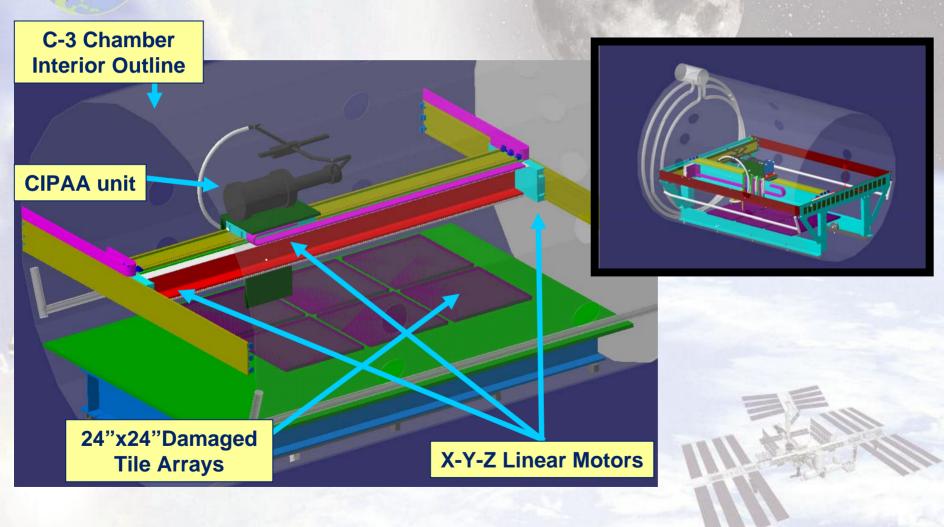
Tile Repair – STA-54 Material / Hardware Process Improvements and Test Timeline



STA-54 on



Repair Ground Test Equipment Gantry System Configuration





STA-54 VOID EFFECTS TEST PROGRAM

MODEL #2216 PRE AND POST TEST PHOTOS
0.25 INCH UNDERFILL

COMPRISED OF THREE 0.50 INCH THICK LAYERS







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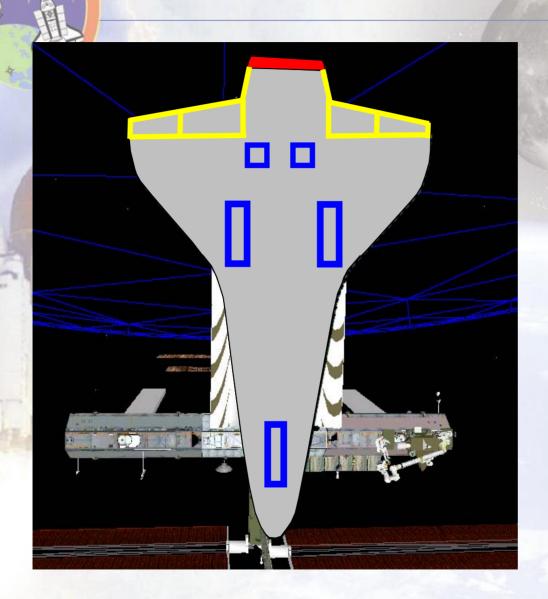


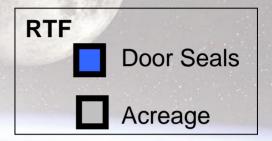


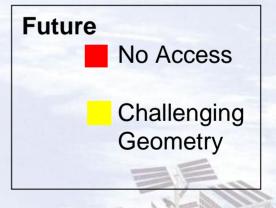
Tile Repair Hardware Suite



Tile Repair Project - A View of Project Scope









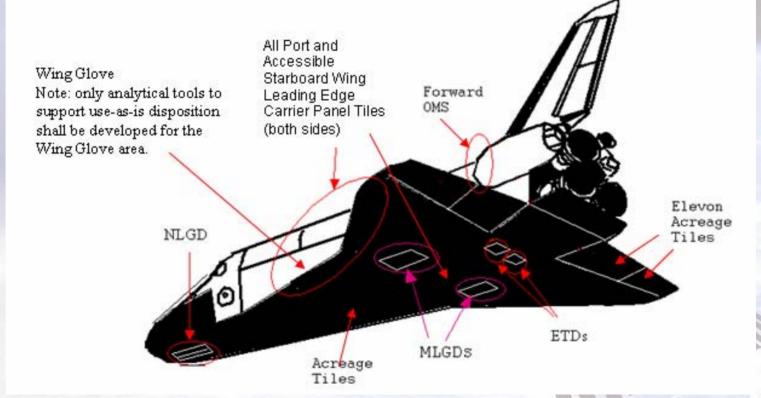
Tile Repair Project – A View of Project Scope

TPS Area	Likelihood of Damage	Conseq. of Damage	Detect- ability	Current EVA Access-ability	Current Design Appr Compatible w/damage?	RTF Support- ability	Required for RTF (TRP opinion)	
Acreage Tile (Lower Surface)	?	H > 3"	Yes	Yes	Yes	Н	Yes	
Chine/Wing Glove	?	H > 3"	Yes	Yes	At risk	L	Yes/No?	
Door Seals	?	H > 1"	Yes	Yes	At risk	М	Yes	
LESS Carrier Panels	?	H > 1"	Yes	1 – 20, Yes Outboard, No	At risk At risk	M L	Yes No	
Elevon	?	H > 3" H > 1"	Acreage Only	Acreage, Yes Other, No	Yes Hinge, At Risk	Acreage, H Hinge, L	Yes No	
Vertical Tail	?	H > 3"	No	No	At risk	L	No	
OMS Pod Tile	?	H > 3"	Not Inspected	Forward edge only Other, No	Accessible Acreage only Other, No	Acreage, H Other, L	Yes No	
Body Flap	?	H > 3"	Acreage Only	Forward acreage, Yes Other, No	Acreage, Yes Other, No	Acreage, H Other, L	Yes No	



System Requirements for RTF

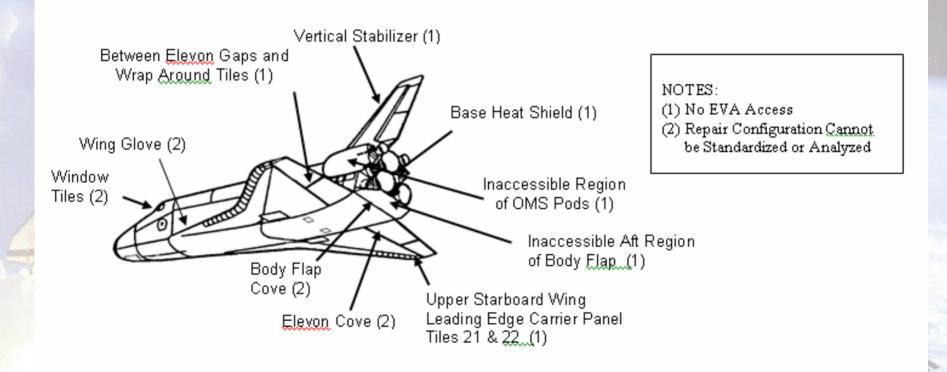
Figure 3.2-1 Tile Damage Assessment and Repair Locations





System Requirements for RTF

Figure 3.2-2 Examples of Tile Locations Not Explicitly Repairable by TRP



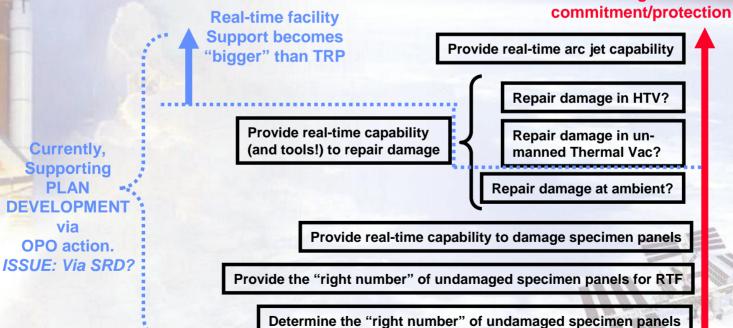
Real-Time Tile Damage Assessment Process Ascent Data Nominal Orbit Data Imagery, Radar Collection (Imagery telemetry, laser, Indicates Debris (Indicates a MER Process) Nominal Data (RPM Photos, **Debris Transport Analysis** etc) (continuously updated) Reprioritize OBSS or Input: Imagery Video Radar etc. detailed inspection requests Output: Debris Characterization Output: Estimated Cavity (Material, Mass/Volume, Velocity (ved and angle), Location of impact **Automated Tile Cavity Definition Tool** Yes Tile Damage Quick Look Prioritize data Inspection Criteria Input: Debris Impact Characterization (Material, Mass/Volume, Velocity (vector critical locations Damage 1 and angle). Location of impact Input: Damaged Cavity Dimensions. and events Geometry, Volume, Location Output: Damaged Cavity Dimensions Geometry, Volume, Location Output: Acceptable Damage or No Needs Further Definition/Analysis Tile Quick Look Process Yes Is Tile **Detailed Inspection** (Pending Final DTA) Data (OBSS or other) Prioritize Input: Direct measurement of Damage sites damage sites. No or for Inspection Request Focused Inspections and Analysis Output: Damaged Cavity Maybe Dimensions, Geometry, Volume Final Damage Assessment using measured dimensional data **Tile Cavity Aeroheating** Thermal Models Stress Models Database Input: Damaged Cavity Dimensions, Geometry, Volume, Location, Depth, Descent trajectory Input: Damaged Cavity, Geometry, Input: Location of damage, Structure Repair Post Repair Volume, Location, Cavity Heating Temperatures and Gradients SIP Augmentation (no repair and emitt), Bondline Temperatuers Operations Evaluation repair material chartact (goo repair) Output: Cavity Heating Output: Structure Temperatures Output: Margin of Safety for Augmentation Repair Use As Is No CSCS George K. Gafka 281-483-7732 43



Real-time Ground Test Capability (HTV, arc jet, etc.) for mission-specific damage/repair

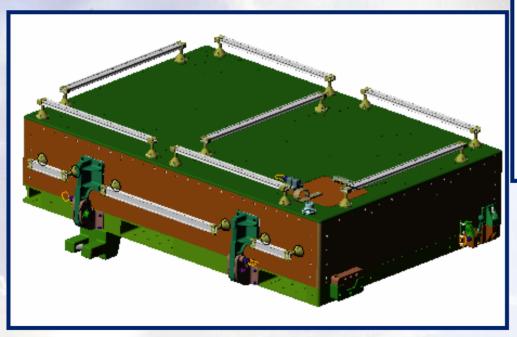
•OPO/Program Direction

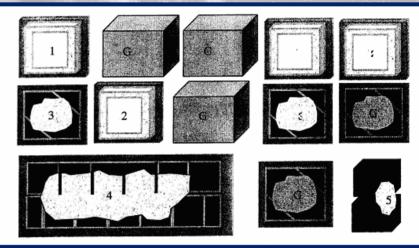
- -Should TRP SRD contain requirements for providing deliverables and damage capability or continue to work to OPO action?
 - »Envisioned to be a part of nominal mission capability or short-term requirement for first few flights?
- –What is the forward plan to take the "Real-Time Ground Test Capability" story forward to the Program for discussion?
 Increasing levels of





Thermal Protection System (TPS) Repair Development Test Objective (DTO)







Tile Repair Project Conclusion

Use-As-Is Analytical Tools

We had to, and we did!

- Rigorously developed, test anchored, peer reviewed, documented, "simmed" and "certified" in support of Return To Flight (STS-114)
- Required and used successfully during STS-114 mission

Historical Database

- Supplemental tool developed/delivered in support of Return To Flight (STS-114)
- Used as a sanity check for use-as-is predictions pre-flight
- Used successfully during STS-114 mission as a supplement to damage disposition activities

Tile Repair Capability

- Best effort delivered and flew on STS-114
- Safe to fly, safe to use, system level functional performance for repair not certified, best data to date available for assessment
- Further CIPAA ("goo-based") development recently canceled with continued support of other repair capabilities

We made happen!

Best we could do!

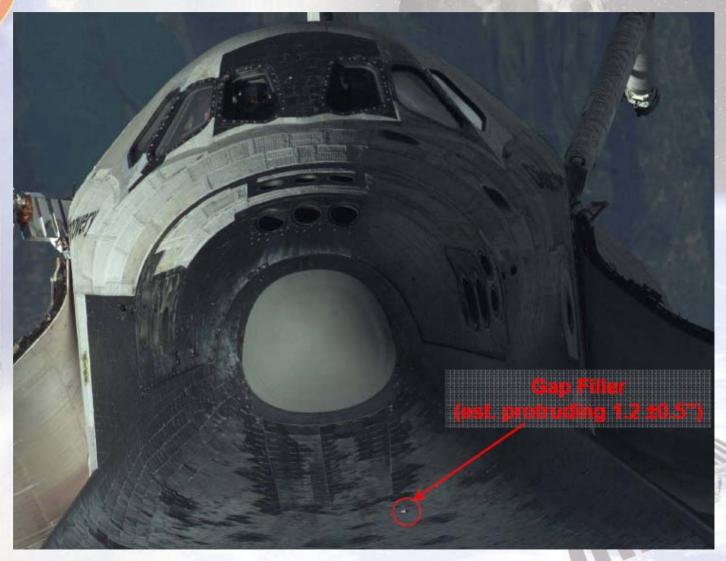


Observations, Ideas, and Opinions Presentation Outline

- Project Management & Systems Engineering Challenges
 - In The Beginning...What is your mission? Can you "certify" to it?
 - Team Roles/Responsibilities/Requirements/Contracts/Deliverables
 - Use-As-Is becomes most critical capability!
 - Flight History Database, a surprisingly contentious topic
 - Tile Repair is really tough, becomes "best effort" for RTF
 - Killer/"Golden" Requirements: Bubbles
 - Tough Trade Spaces
 - Delivery for RTF
- STS-114
- Conclusion
- Understanding/Influencing/Accepting Your Environment
 - Cost, schedule, technical/safety, political, emotional
 - Evaluating/maximizing your influence potential
- Effective People Skills and Communication, a key to success!
 - Integrity/creditability
 - Teamwork/relationships/advocacy/negotiation
 - Up and out, (Presentation! Presentation!)
 - Down and in, (reaching consensus where possible and recognizing where not)
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Use-As-Is Risk Summary

KEY ASSUMPTION

1. BLT, Mach ~ 18

Current, "best estimate"

2. BLT, Mach 21.5

3. BLT, Mach 24

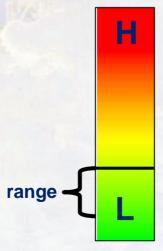
UNCERTAINTIES
AND SAFETY RISKS

Aero Heating: trajectory, BLT Mach number and heat rate/heat load

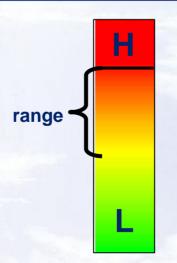
Thermal/Structural Analysis for specified case

Flight History support of analysis

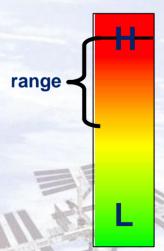
Flight Control Performance (Certified to Mach 19)



Minor Vehicle Damage Structural Integrity Maintained



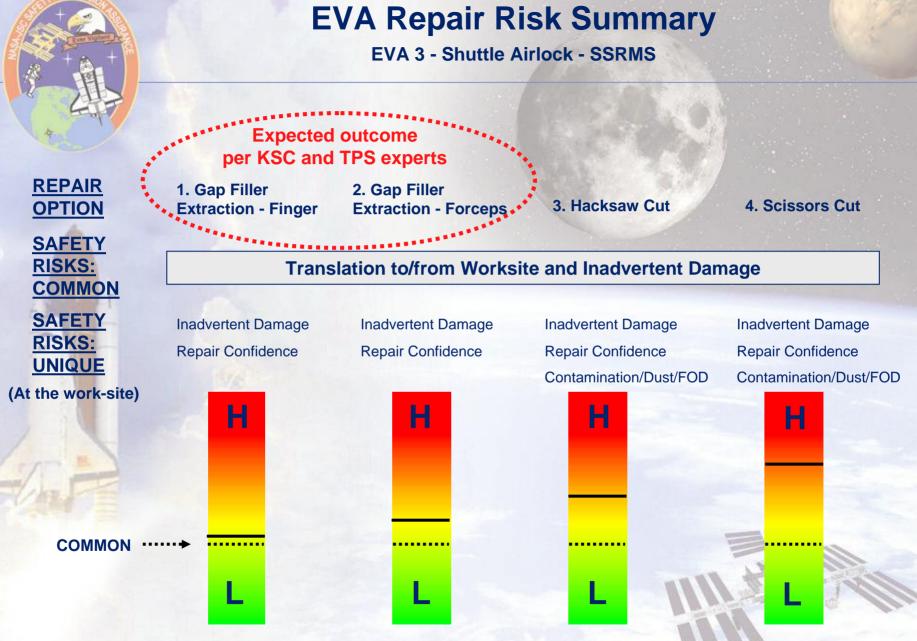
Major Structural Damage / LOCV



Major Structural Damage / LOCV

POTENTIAL CONSEQUENCES

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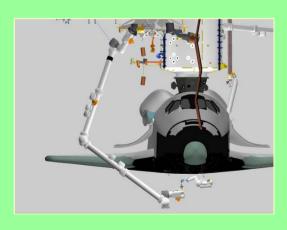
For a nominal EVA 3, all primary Mission objectives can be accomplished (no significant impact). Unexpected/off-nominal EVA task durations may Geside in Significant impacts (additional EVA 4). 50

STS-114 MMT Conclusions/Recommendations

- Recommend use-as-is disposition if, and only if:
 - Confidence exists that on-orbit configuration represents Case 1 (BLT, Mach 18)
 - NOTE: Likelihood appears low that we will get to here with confidence, especially in time frame that supports required MMT decision milestones
 - NOTE: This risk is driven solely by high uncertainties in key areas!

versus

- ◆Recommend repair attempt/disposition if:
 - Confidence can not be established in the aero heating environments or vehicle response to those environments
 - Case 2 (BLT, Mach 21.5) or Case 3 (BLT, Mach 24) is likely scenario
 - Recommended repair order of implementation
 - ◆Try first: Gap Filler extraction Finger
 - Next: Gap Filler extraction − Forceps
 - Next: Hacksaw
 - Last resort: Scissors
 - ◆ NOTE: Consistent with current EVA plan
 - ◆ NOTE: This risk is driven by consciously choosing to accept a, better understood and easier to control/manage (relative to use-as-is), risk





Observations, Ideas, and Opinions Presentation Outline

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Typical "Peer Review" of Documentation

	Required underfill dimension to account for swell at each	TPS Mission Central Website	Flight Control Team	Damage Assessment Team	Prepare EVA Procedures	د 	Deleted: Crew console TPS PRT¶ Real time Deleted: Analysis PRT Deleted: ¶
The same of the sa	Analysis Report of damage sites.	TPS Mission Central Website	Damage Assessment Team	Analysis PRT	Used to prepare report specifying repair, or disposition	ارم استرر	Deleted: TPS PRT
1000	Presentation of dispositions	MER MMT	<u>0P0</u>	<u>Damage</u> <u>Assessment</u>	Used to turn on repair effort.	ار ۱-دکتر ۱	Deleted: OBO/ PIT/MMT Deleted: TPS PRT Formatted: Normal

Crew console

MER.

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Presentation! Presentation! Presentation! Typical day at the Space Shuttle Program Requirements Control Board (SSPRCB)

CR/ACTION OPR TITLE/ACTION DESCRIPTION

S042013EV DELETE NITROGEN TANK AND AFT BALLAST BOX FROM JSC-MO STS 121, STS 300 AND STS 115 DEFER - 10/29/04 SSP PRCB PRESENTER(S): JSC-MO3------

S050430BG CHANGE TO BASELINE ORBITER HAZARD REPORT - JSC-MX ORBI 036 DEFER - 11/04/04 SSP PRCB PRESENTER(S): USH-0E ----

S050430BH CHANGE TO BASELINE ORBITER HAZARD REPORT - JSC-MX ORBI 256 DEFER - 11/04/04 SSP PRCB PRESENTER(S): USH-OE --

S062253 UPDATE TO SE-S-0073 SPECIFICATIONS FOR KSC-MK-SIO POTABLE WATER DEFER - 10/29/04 SSP PRCB PRESENTER(S): JSC-SF23 -------

S062375 BASELINE SHUTTLE SYSTEM INTEGRATION PLAN JSC-MS (SIP) FOR PRE-LAUNCH AND ASCENT DEBRIS CERTIFICATION WITHDRAWN PRESENTER(S): JSC-MS-------

S062383 EVA IR CAMERA JSC-MV JSC-MV/1-1 SUBMIT A SUPERSEDING CR TO ADDRESS FUNDING REQUIREMENTS AND STANDARD DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE FOR THE EVA INFRARED CAMERA. REPORT TO THE PRCB. DEFER - 10/29/04 SSP PRCB PRESENTER(S): TBD -

This is you!

Make it count!



Conclusion

- Technical Wizard Success Mandatory Requirements
 - "Hard" technical skills

"Soft" People Skills

- Leadership Success Mandatory Requirements
 - "Hard" technical skills

"Soft" People Skills



- Loving what you do today (adding recognized value),
- Knowing what you want to do tomorrow (adding recognized value),
- Knowing how to get there,
- Enjoying the journey along the way.

I wish you your own personal situational success! Thank you!